## Dust in tSZ cross-correlations

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• CMB x LSS observations probe baryonic effects in galaxy formation through SZ measurements

 Need to quantify contamination of the Cosmic Infrared Background (CIB, or "dust") to the thermal SZ

 Use FIR/submm observations where CIB spectrum peaks and extrapolate profile



• CIB observations from *Herschel* extragalactic surveys





• Aperture photometry in circular apertures



• multi-frequency stacked profiles



• fit to dust model (modified BB, e.g. Erler+18)

$$I(\nu) = A_{dust} \left(\frac{\nu(1+z)}{\nu_0}\right)^{\beta_{dust}+3} \frac{e^{x_0} - 1}{e^x - 1}$$

$$x \equiv h\nu(1+z)/(k_B T_{dust})$$

<u>Best fit (1σ)</u>
$A_{\rm dust} = 1.2 \pm 0.2 \text{ kJy/sr}$
$T_{\rm dust} = 19 \pm 4 \ {\rm K}$
$eta_{ m dust} = 1.2 \pm 0.1$



Modeling the tSZ: include dust!



## Constraints on thermal pressure profile from tSZ + dust



## Constraints on feedback processes from kSZ + tSZ + dust



• We can "measure" thermodynamic profiles including dust contamination

- Huge gain from next generation of CMB and LSS experiments
  - CCAT-p will replace Herschel over a larger area
  - Synergies with Simons Observatory and AdvACT

• Tight constraints on baryonic physics (cfr simulations, reduce systematic uncertainties from baryonic effects on the matter power spectrum)